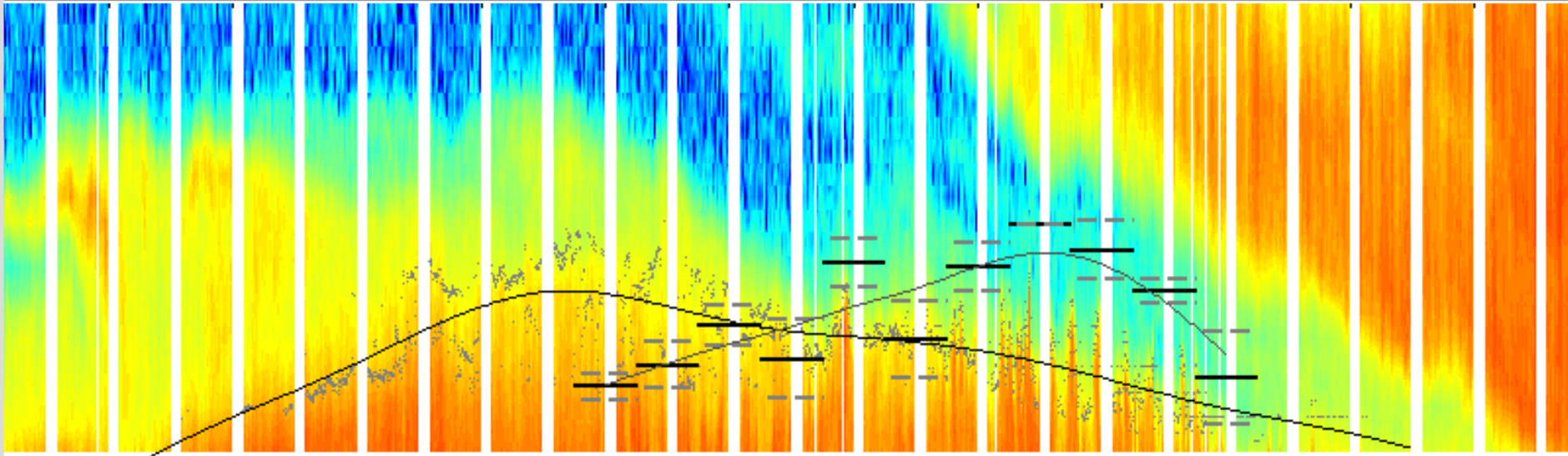


# Boundary layer heights from Doppler lidar using aerosol backscatter and wind data

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Institute for Meteorology and Climate Research, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology



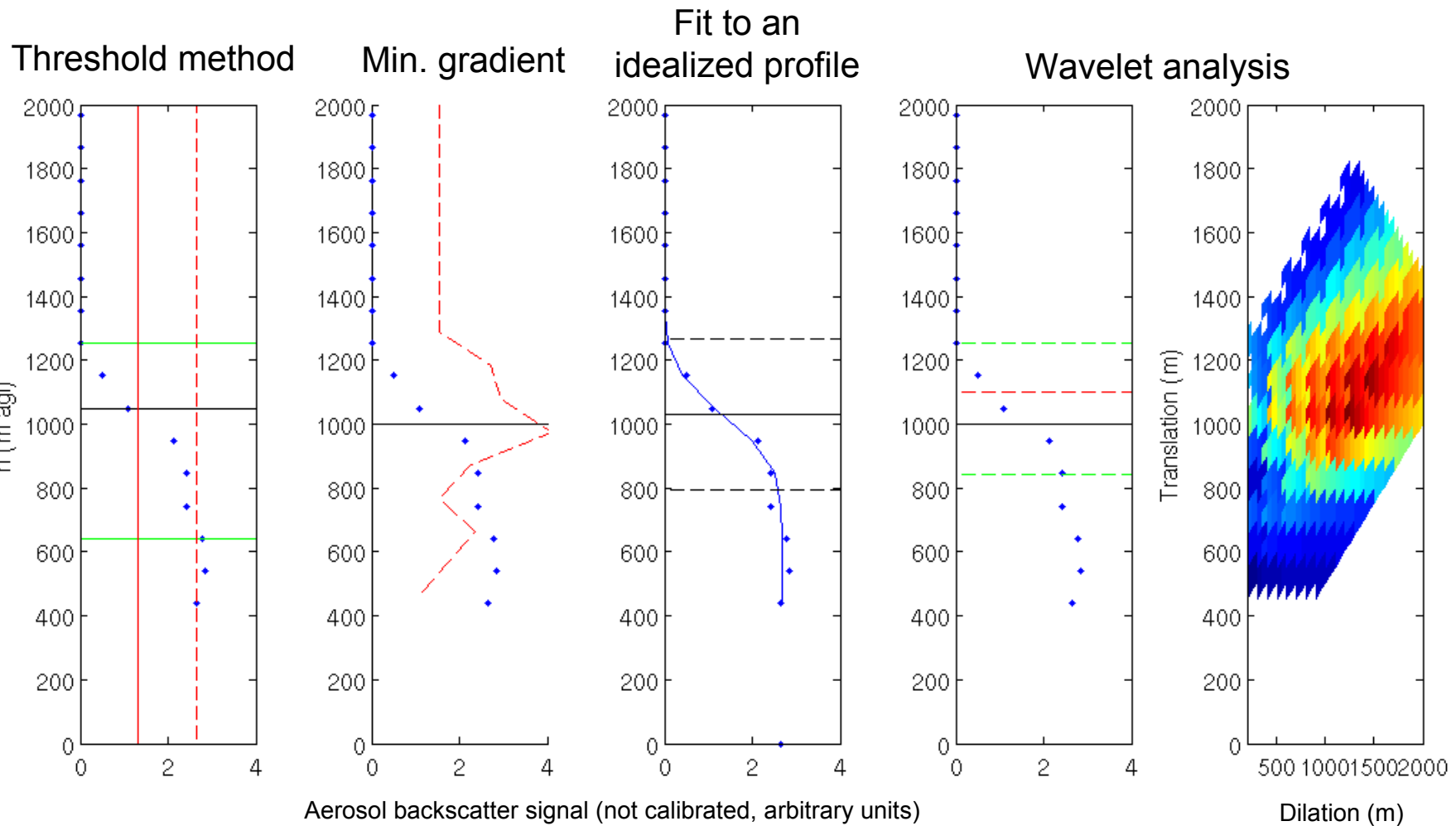
# What is our demand for a today's BLH detection method?

- Reliability
- Objective determination
- High spatial and temporal resolution
- Operationalization and robustness

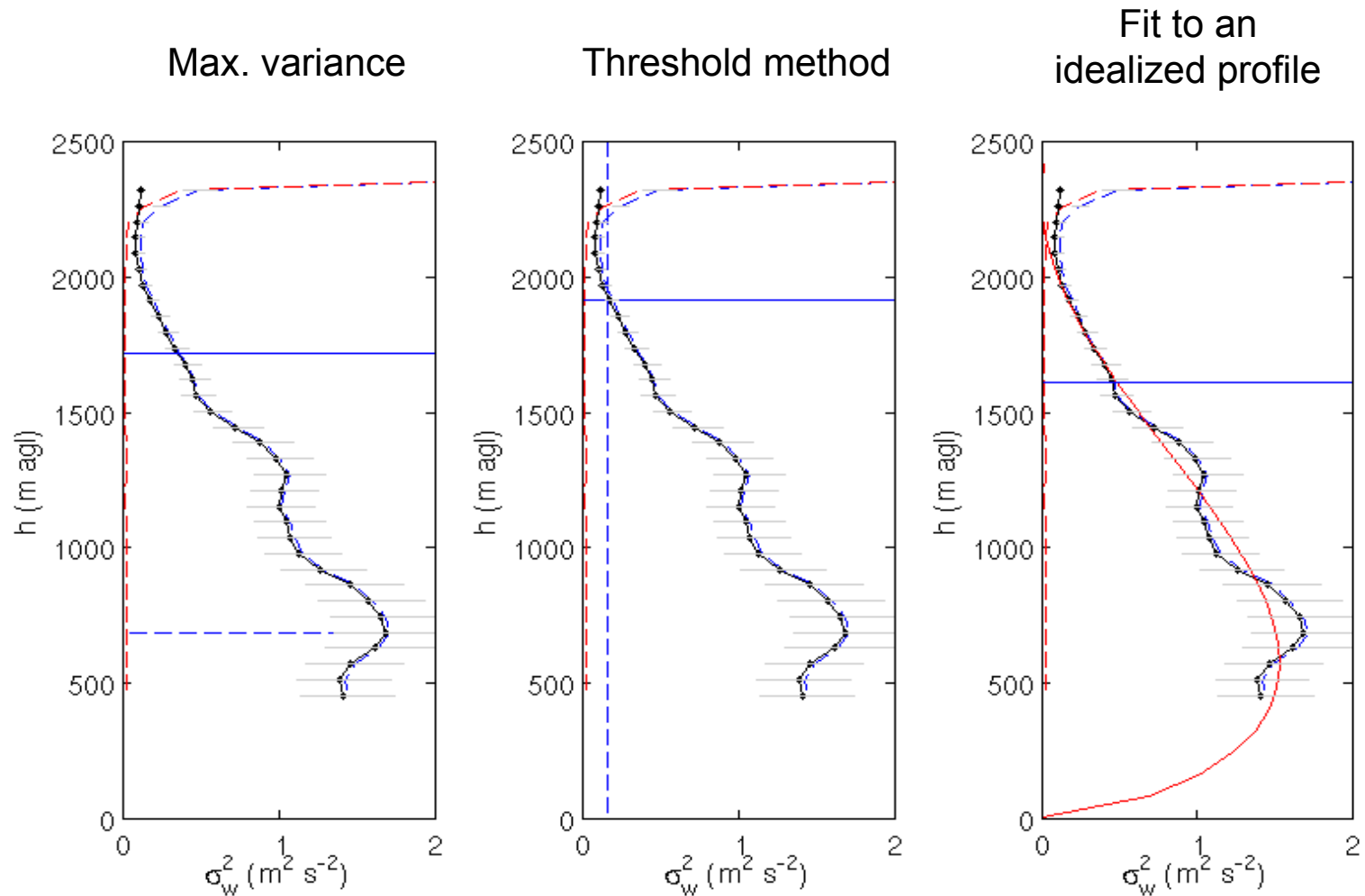
Doppler lidar gives the opportunity combining an high resolution aerosol measurement with a turbulence measurement



# BLH Determination using aerosol backscatter

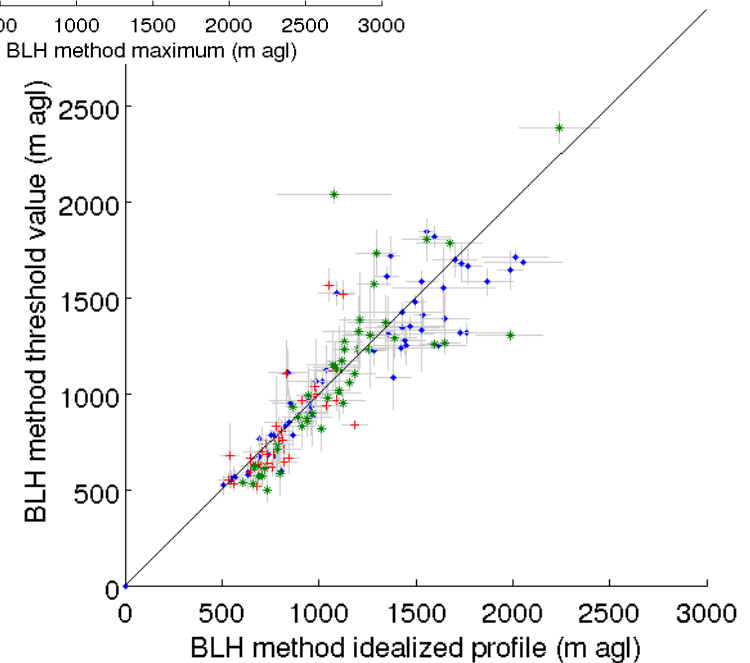
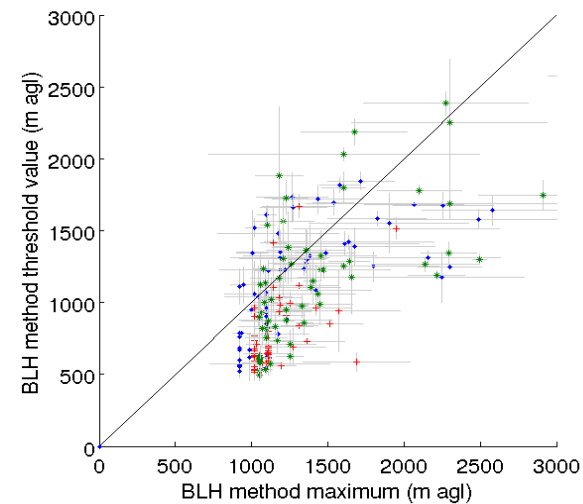
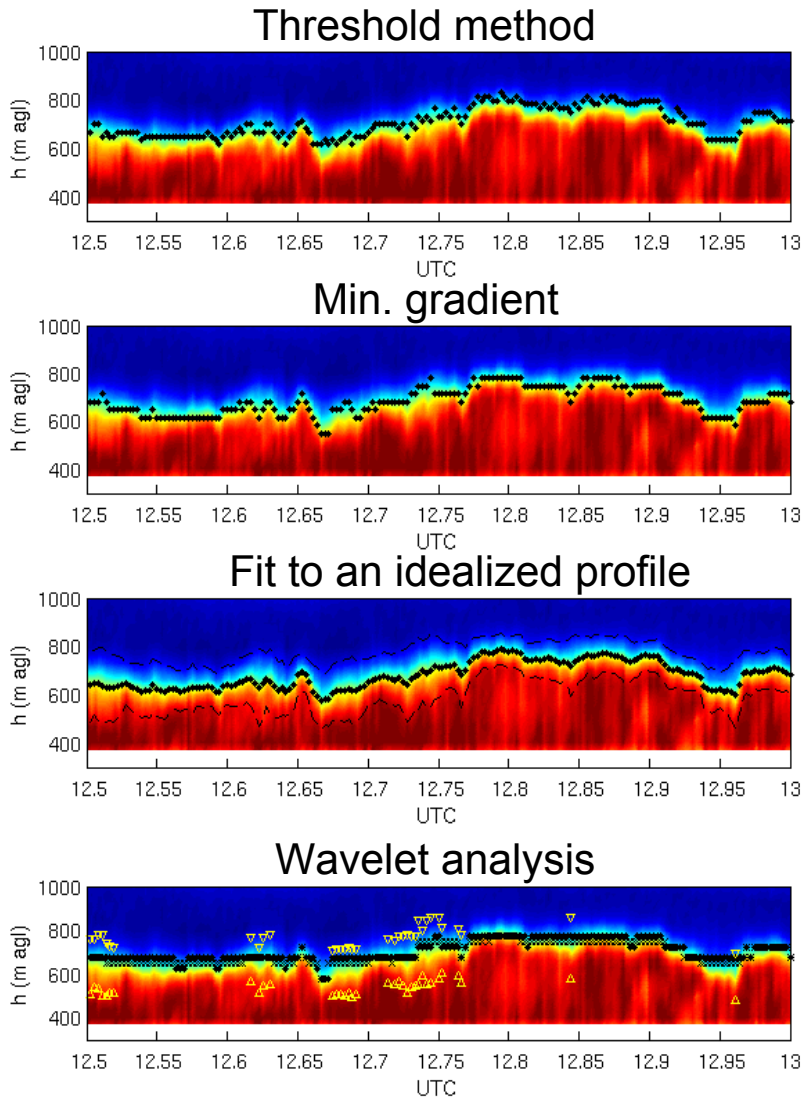


# BLH Determination using vertical velocity variance

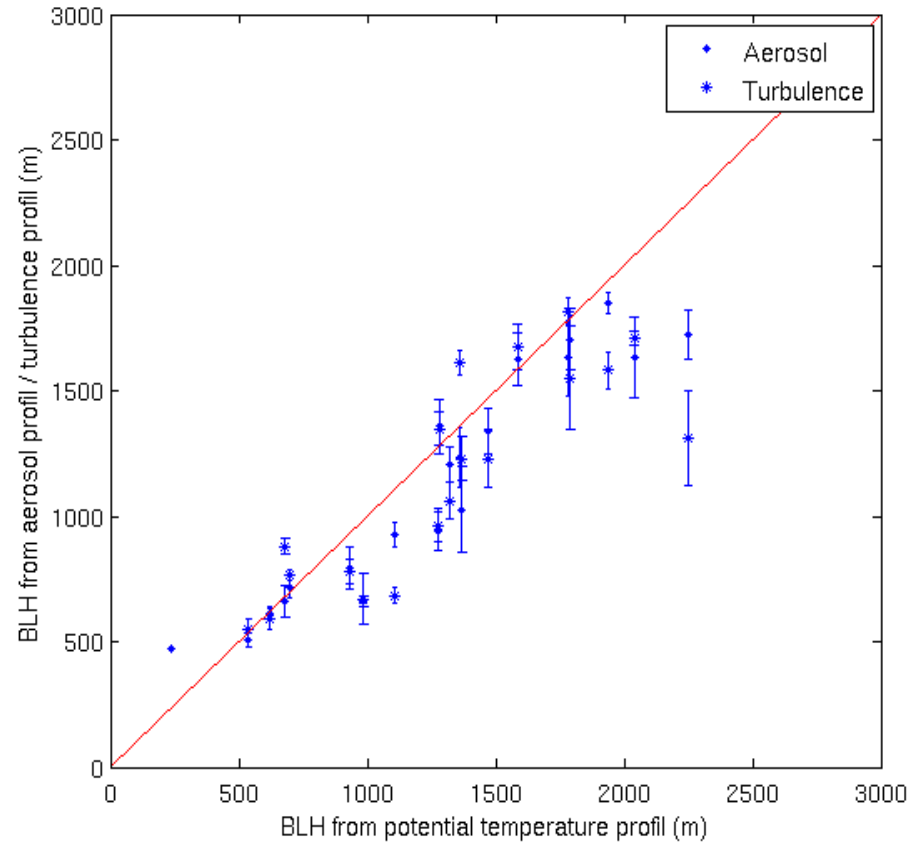
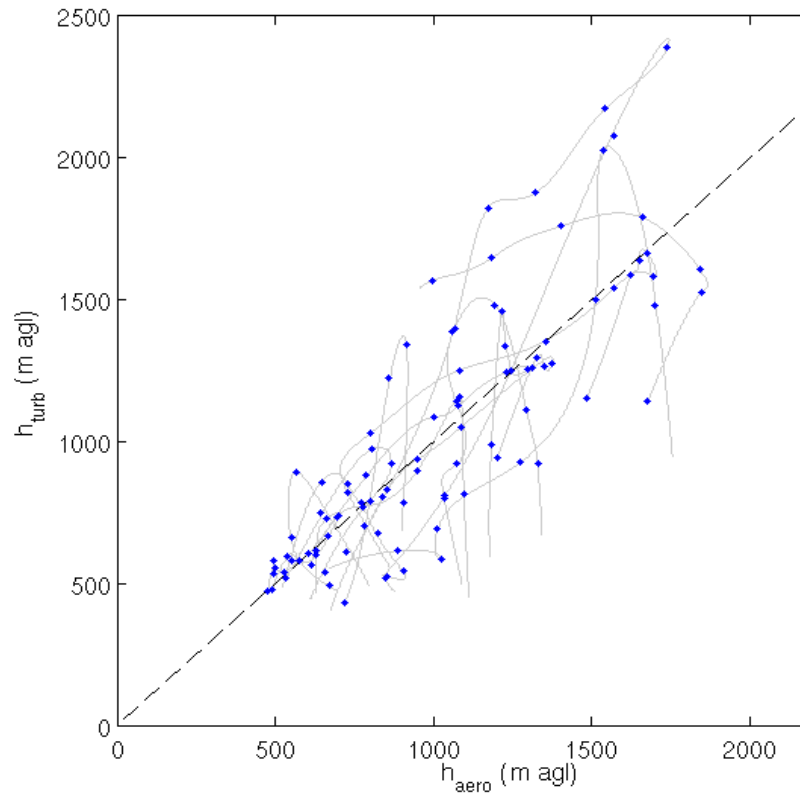


- - - measured variance   
 - - - error due to uncorrelated noise   
 — variance   
 — error due to limited time interval

# Comparison methods within one concept

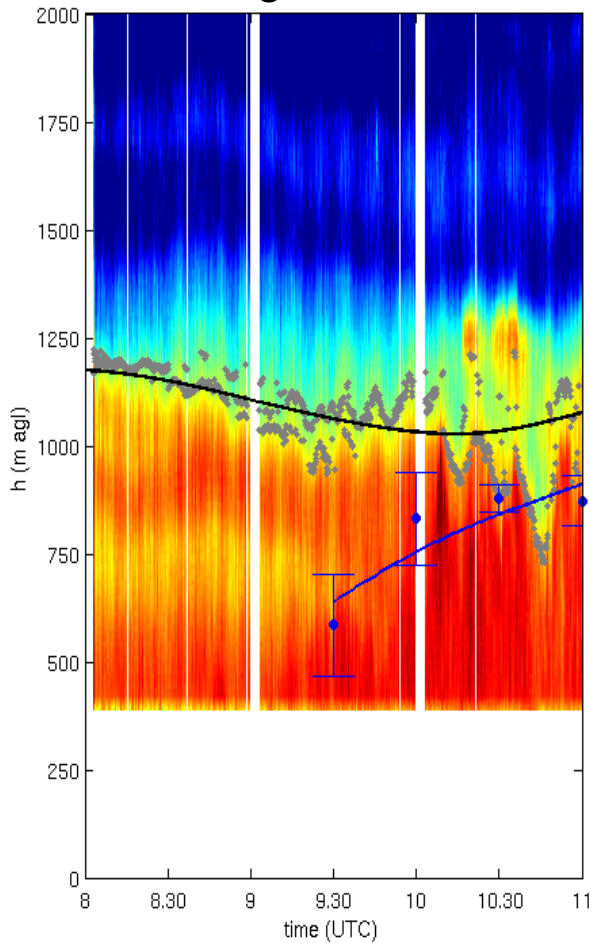


# Comparison methods among the two concepts

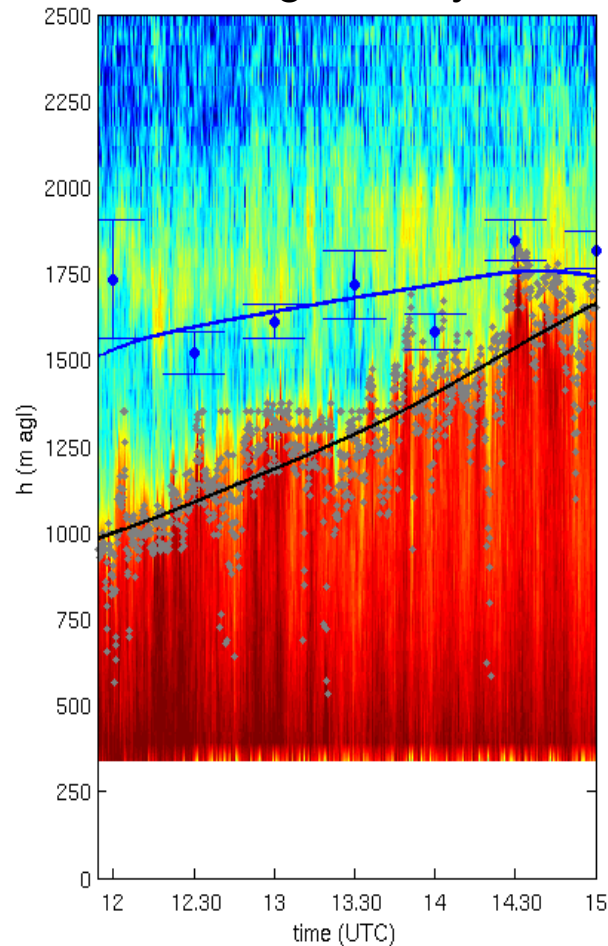


# Comparison methods among the two concepts

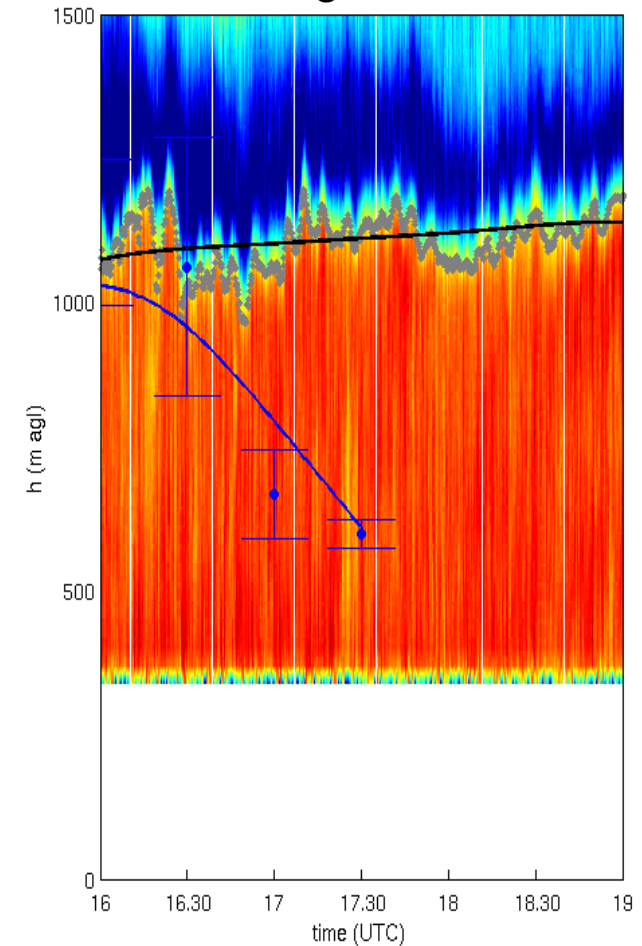
## Morning transition



## During the day

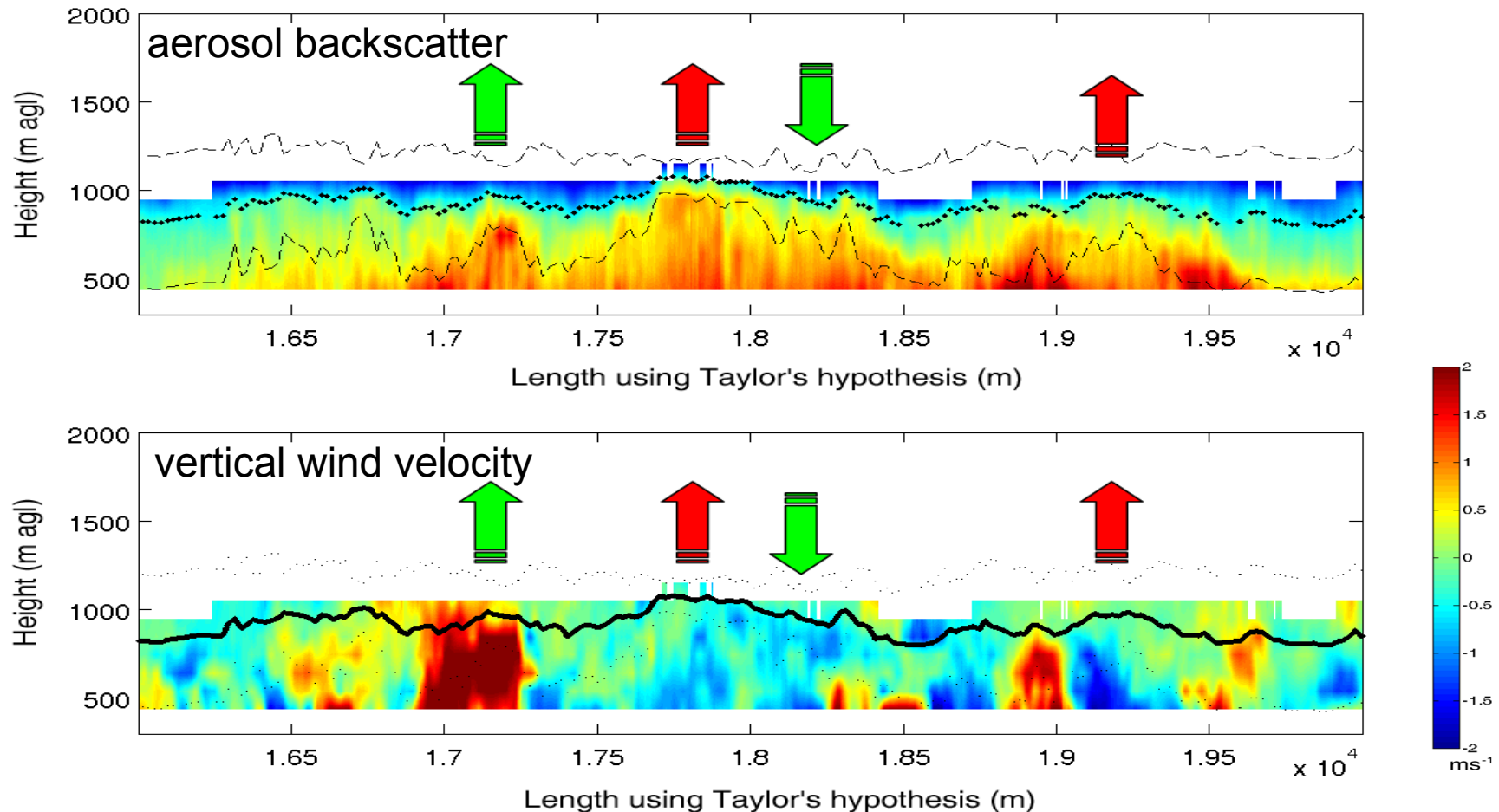


## Evening transition



# Going a step further – an example of use

## Small-scale BLH variations and their correlation with the current vertical wind field





# So what is the boundary layer height?

